

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference 32980/PC/ILA |  |             |  | FOR FURTHER ACTION  See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416) |                       |  |  |  |
|--|--|-------------|--|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| International application No.                      |  |             |  | International filing date (d  | day/month/year)       | Priority date (day/month/year)   |  |  |
| PCT/SI 03/00045                                    |  |             |  | 11.12.2003  |                       | 17.12.2002   |  |  |
|  |  |             | nt Classification (IPC) or bo                        | oth national classification a   | nd IPC                |  |  |  |
| A61K   | 31/4   | 35          |  |   |                       |  |  |  |
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| LEK I  | PHA.   | HIVIA<br>—— | CEUTICALS D.D. et                                    | aı.<br>   |                       |  |  |  |
| 1.   | <ol> <li>This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol>   |             |  |   |                       |  |  |  |
| 2.   | This REPORT consists of a total of 6 sheets, including this cover sheet.   |             |  |   |                       |  |  |  |
| Į  | This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). |             |  |   |                       |  |  |  |
|  | Thas   | `           |  |   |                       | •  |  |  |
|  | These annexes consist of a total of 3 sheets.  |             |  |   |                       |  |  |  |
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| 3.   | This   | repor       | rt contains indications re                           | elating to the following ite  | ems:                  |  |  |  |
|  | l  |             | Basis of the opinion                                 |   |                       |  |  |  |
|  | <br>   |             | Priority   |   |                       | and the description of the state of the stat |  |  |
|  | 111  |             |  | · -   | oveity, inventive ste | ep and industrial applicability  |  |  |
|  | IV   |             | Lack of unity of invent                              |   | th regard to nevelt   | y, inventive step or industrial applicability;   |  |  |
|  | V  |             | citations and explanat                               | under Hule 66.∠(a)(ii) wi<br>ions supporting such sta   | atement               | y, invertitive step of industrial applicability,   |  |  |
|  | VI   |             | Certain documents cit                                | ed  |                       |  |  |  |
|  | VII  |             | Certain defects in the                               | international application   | ı                     |  |  |  |
|  | VIII   |             | Certain observations                                 | on the international appl   | ication               |  |  |  |
|  |  |             |  |   |                       |  |  |  |
| Date of submission of the demand                   |  |             |  |   | Date of completion    | of this report   |  |  |
| 09.06  | 6.200  | )4          |  |   | 24.03.2005            |  |  |  |
| Name<br>prelim                                     | and a  | exam        | g address of the internation ining authority:        | nal   | Authorized Officer    | . And the Charles of Patenting of the Charles of th |  |  |
|  | 11.  |             | ropean Patent Office<br>80298 Munich                 |   | Paul Soto, R          |  |  |  |
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# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SI 03/00045

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|------|------|----|-----|-----|-----|

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

|    | Des   | cription, Pages  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|    | 1-26  |  | as originally filed  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | Clai  | ms, Numbers  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 1-14  | ļ  | received on 25.10.2004 with letter of 22.10.2004   |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | Drav  | wings, Sheets  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | 1/3-3   | 3/3  | as originally filed  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | With regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | The   | se elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | the language of a trai   | nslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | the language of public   | cation of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | the language of a train Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3  | nslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | With regard to any <b>nucleotide</b> and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international applica international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | contained in the inter   | national application in written form.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | filed together with the international application in computer readable form.                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | furnished subsequen  | tly to this Authority in written form.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | furnished subsequen  | tly to this Authority in computer readable form.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | The statement that the international ap  | ne subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished. |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | The statement that the listing has been furni  | ne information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | The   | amendments have re   | esulted in the cancellation of:  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | the description,   | pages:   |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | the claims,  | Nos.:  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | the drawings,  | sheets:  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No.

PCT/SI 03/00045

This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have 5. 🗆 been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

- 6. Additional observations, if necessary:
- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-11, 14

No:

No:

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-11, 14

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims Claims

Claims

1-14

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY

**EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- Reference is made to the following documents: 1.
  - D1: MILIVOJEVIC N ET AL: "A novel ergoline derivative LEK-8829 attenuates cocaineinduced reinstatement of cocaine-seeking behavior." BEHAVIOURAL PHARMACOLOGY, vol. 14, no. Supplement 1, September 2003 (2003-09), page S55, XP009029779 10th Biennial Meeting of the European Behavioural Pharmacology Society; Antwerp, Belgium; September 06-09, 2003;
  - D2: GLAVAN GORDANA ET AL: "Modulation of neuroleptic activity of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-(2-prop ynyl)-6-methyl-8-aminomethylergoline bimaleinate (LEK-8829) activity in hemi-parkinsonian **MOLECULAR** rats." intrinsic PHARMACOLOGY. UNITED STATES FEB 2002, vol. 61, no. 2, February 2002 (2002-02), pages 360-368, XP002277656;
  - D3: ZIVIN M ET AL: "Antiparkinsonian potential of interaction of LEK-8829 with bromocriptine." EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF PHARMACOLOGY. NETHERLANDS 22 MAY 1998, vol. 349, no. 2-3, 22 May 1998 (1998-05-22), pages 151-157, XP002277657;
  - D4: US-A-4 935 429 (DACKIS CHARLES A ET AL) 19 June 1990;
  - D5: WO 01/41763 A (BERGER STEPHEN PAUL ;UNIV CINCINNATI (US)) 14 June 2001:
  - **D6**: US-A-5 441 961 (COHEN MARLENE L ET AL) 15 August 1995;
  - D7: US-A-5 430 031 (BRAMBILLA ENZO ET AL) 4 July 1995;

If not indicated otherwise, the relevant passages are those mentioned in the International Search Report.

The present application according to claim 1 relates to the use of the therapeutic 2. amount of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8β-aminomethylergoline as a partial agonist in the form of a free base or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of psychostimulant addiction in humans. Claim 6 relates to the use of the therapeutic amount of 9,10didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8β-aminomethylergoline in the form of a free base or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt for the manufacture of a

# **INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

medicament for the treatment of cocaine addiction in humans. Claim 12 relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising from 0.05 to 20 mg of said agent, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is used for the treatment of cocaine addiction in cocaine addicts. Finally, claims 5 and 14 are drafted as independent claims but appear to cover the same scope as independent claims 1 and 6, respectively (see item VIII).

3.1. The present application does not meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty (Art. 33) for the following reasons.

The compound LEK-8829 has been already disclosed in the art as pharmaceutical agent (see for example D2 and D3). Thus, claims 12 and 13, directed to a pharmaceutical composition are not novel. The technical feature of "wherein said pharmaceutical composition is used for the treatment of cocaine addiction in cocaine addicts" does not limit in any way the scope of present claims 12 and 13, because they are directed to a pharmaceutical preparation and a pharmaceutical preparation is defined by its components, in this case LEK-8829, and not by the medical indication intended for it.

- 3.2. The subject-matter of present claims 1-11 and 14 is novel, because none of the documents of the prior art discloses the compound referred to as LEK 8829 in connection with the treatment of psychostimulant addiction. D1 would be novelty destroying for the present application if the priority was not valid.
- Present claims 1-11 and 14 also meet the requirements of inventive step (Art. 33(3) 4. PCT). Several documents of the prior art disclose ergoline derivatives for the treatment of psychostimulant abuse (see D4-D7). D4, which can be regarded as the closest prior art, discloses the use of bromocriptine for the treatment of addiction to cocaine and other psychostimulants. The present application differs from D4 in that another ergoline derivative is used. The use of LEK-8829 exhibits some advantages with regard to the known bromocriptine (see second paragraph in page 6, the examples and the results and conclusion on pages 20-24 of the description).

Thus, the problem to be solved by the present application can be regarded as the provision of an ergoline derivative for an improved treatment of psychostimulant addiction. The solution provided by the present application, namely the use of LEK 8829 is not rendered obvious by any prior art documents, either alone or in combination.

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

Some documents, such as D3, disclose comparative examples with LEK-8829 and bromocriptine. However, even if LEK-8829 was to be regarded as an obvious alternative to bromocriptine, the advantages exhibited by LEK-8829 in connection with the treatment of psychostimulant addiction could not be foreseen by the skilled person.

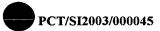
- 5.1. For the assessment of the present claims 1-11 and 14 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.
- 5.2. Claims 12-13 meet the criterion set forth in Article 33(4) PCT because their subjectmatter is susceptible of industrial application.

#### Re Item VIII

## Certain observations on the international application

The formulation of present independent claims 1 and 6 includes some differences with 6. respect to that of claims 5 and 14, respectively, namely "the therapeutically effective amount of", "as a partial agonist", "in humans". However, it is not clear (Art. 6 PCT) whether these differences represent a limitation on the scope of said claims or not; and if so, which limitations. As far as this is not clear, the scope of claims 1 and 5 on one hand, and claim 6 and 14 on the other hand, is considered to be identical, and therefore the claims are redundant.

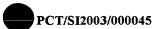
WO 2004/054578





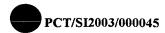
- 1. A method for the treatment of psychostimulant addiction in humans characterized in that the individuals requiring said treatment are administered the therapeutically effective amount of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline as a partial dopamine agonist in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt which inhibit psychostimulant addiction.
- 2. The method according to claim 1 for inhibition or elimination of the abstinence symptoms due to withdrawal of a psychostimulant with 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß- aminomethylergoline in the form of a simple base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt, in the individuals requiring said treatment, in the therapeutically effective amount to suppress the abstinence syndrome after withdrawal of the psychostimulant.
- 3. The method according to claim 1 for prevention of craving for the psychostimulant after its withdrawal by using 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt, in the individuals requiring said treatment, in the therapeutically effective amount to suppress the symptoms of craving for the psychostimulant reinforcement.
- 4. The method according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the psychostimulant is selected from the group comprising cocaine, amphetamine, methamphetamine, dextroamphetamine, 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine and pemoline in the form of free base or in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt.

**WO 2004/054578** 



- 5. The use of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethyllergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt for the preparation of the pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of psychostimulant addiction.
- 6. A method of treatment of cocaine addiction in humans wherein the individuals requiring said treatment are administered the therapeutically effective amount of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethyllergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt to suppress cocaine addiction.
- 7. The method according to claim 6 characterized for inhibition or elimination the abstinence symptoms due to cocaine withdrawal using 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt in the individuals requiring said treatment in the therapeutically effective amount to reduce the abstinence syndrome after cocaine withdrawal.
- 8. The method according to claim 6 for prevention of cocaine-seeking after its withdrawal using 9, 10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt in the individuals requiring said treatment in the therapeutically effective amount to suppress the symptoms of craving for the psychostimulant reinforcement.
- 9. The method according to any of claims 6 to 8 wherein 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline is in the form of bimaleate salt.

EP110110 BY WO 2004/054578



- 10. The method according to any of claims 6 to 9 wherein the daily dose of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of a free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt ranges from 0.05 to 20 mg.
- 11. The method according to claim 10 wherein the dose unit of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt is from 0.1 to 5.0 mg.
- 12. A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of cocaine addiction in cocaine addicts comprising from 0.05 to 20 mg of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 13. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12 comprising from 0.1 to 5.0 mg of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 14. The use of 9,10-didehydro-N-methyl-N-(2-propynyl)-6-methyl-8ß-aminomethylergoline in the form of free base or in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt as a partial dopamine agonist for the preparation of the pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of cocaine addiction.